# **PHILIPP**GROUP

# **Cast-in lifting hoops**



Installation and Application Instructions

## Cast-in lifting hoop Type AS 0.8 - AS 25.0



Installation and Application Instruction

## Our products from the division BUILDING SOLUTIONS

#### SERVICES

- » On-site tests -> we ensure that your requirements are properly covered by our planning.
- » Test reports -> for your safety and documentation.
- >> Trainings -> the knowledge of your employees from planning and production is enhanced by our experts on site, online or via webinar.
- » Planning support -> latest design software, planning documents, CAD data and much more can be downloaded any time from www.philipp-group.de.

#### HIGH DEMANDS ON PRODUCT SAFETY AND PRACTICALITY

» Close cooperation with notified bodies and - if necessary approval of our solutions.

#### **TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT**

Our expert-team will support you at any time during your planning phase with detailed advice.



#### **GENERAL PRODUCT INFORMATION**

The Cast-in lifting hoop is part of the PHILIPP Transport anchor system and complies with the VDI/BV-BS Guideline "Lifting anchors and lifting insert systems for precast concrete elements" (VDI/BV-BS 6205). The use of Cast-in lifting hoops requires the compliance with this Installation and Application Instruction as well as the General Installation Instruction.

Cast-in lifting hoops are designed for the transport of precast concrete units only. Multiple use within the transport chain (from production to installation of the unit) means no repeated usage. A repeated use (e.g. ballasts for cranes) is not allowed.



Ref. no.:	Туре	Type Dimensions				
galvanised		H ① (mm)	B ① (mm)	ØD ② (mm)		
442008	AS 0.8	235	95	6	Pure white	
442012	AS 1.2	235	95	7	Flame red	
442016	AS 1.6	235	100	8	Light pink	
442020	AS 2.0	270	115	9	Pastel green	
442025	AS 2.5	310	135	10	Jet black	
442040	AS 4.0	340	150	12	Emerald green	
442052	AS 5.2	365	165	14	Curry	
442063	AS 6.3	380	180	16	Light blue	
442080	AS 8.0	440	205	18	Silver grey	
442100	AS 10.0	515	245	20	Claret violet	
442125	AS 12.5	570	270	22	Sulfur yellow	
442160	AS 16.0	605	286	24	Blue lilac	
442200	AS 20.0	730	345	28	Beige	
442250	AS 25.0	780	375	32	Clay brown	

#### **TABLE 1: DIMENSIONS**

① Dimensions H and B are standard values and can vary depending on the position of the fixation strap.

(2) Rope diameter ØD is a standard value and can vary depending on the wire rope construction.

Cast-in lifting hoops with higher working load limits (AS 28.0 bis AS 95.0) are described in a separate data sheet. Depending on the individual application it might be necessary to contact our technical department before use.

#### FURTHER QUESTIONS

If you have further questions, please have a look at our website www.philipp-group.de or call our technical department under +49 6021 40 27-318 resp. send an email to technik@philipp-gruppe.de.

### **GENERAL PRODUCT INFORMATION**

#### MATERIALS

The Cast-in lifting hoop consists of a galvanised steel wire rope that is formed into a loop by pressing the rope ends together using a press clamp.

#### MARKING

In order to identify the types of the Cast-in lifting hoop visually they are marked with a coloured tag. This tag must also be visible at the segment sticking out after concreting. With its fins the tag guarantees an easy fixing to this part of the Cast-in lifting hoop sticking out of the element.

Following data are given on the tag:

- » Manufacturer (PHILIPP)
- » CE mark ①
- » Max. load bearing capacity (e.g. 2500 kg)
- » Year of manufacturing (e.g. 2024)
- » Illustration of the installation dimensions

#### **EC-DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

The EC Declaration of Conformity (DoC) of the Cast-inlifting hoop can be downloaded from our website www.philipp-group.de or is available on request.



#### CORROSION

For concrete with an increased chlorine equivalent the use of a Cast-in lifting hoop with aluminium ferrule is not recommended. For this application a Cast-in lifting hoop with a steel ferrule is more suitable and can be delivered by PHILIPP on request. An increased chlorine equivalent exists if the values given in the standard EN 206-1 are exceeded.

#### NOTE!

The aluminium ferrule used with Cast-in lifting hoops must not be placed near-surface of the concrete element. The concrete cover for the ferrule has to be determined using following equation.

> C<sub>min</sub> ≤ C<sub>Ferrule</sub> ≤ **2** × C<sub>min</sub> (EN 1992-1-1 part 4 a. Tab. 4.4N) (EN 1992-1-1/NA Tab. NA.4.4)

#### STORAGE OF CAST-IN LIFTING HOOPS

Cast-in lifting hoops shall be stored in a clean, dry and aerated area, without contact to acids, bases or corrosive elements.

#### CONCRETE

All concrete strengths given in tables 2, 3 and 5 are cube strengths at the time of the first lifting.

#### CAST-IN LIFTING HOOPS IN BEAMS AND CONCRETE ELEMENTS SIMILAR TO WALLS

#### ELEMENT THICKNESSES, CENTRE AND EDGE DISTANCES

The installation and position of Cast-in lifting hoops in precast concrete elements require minimum dimensions and centre/edge distances for a safe load transfer. Given unit thicknesses d in table 2 cover axial and diagonal loading. Reduced unit thicknesses  $d_{red}$  are valid for a concrete strength  $f_{cc}$  of **30 N/mm<sup>2</sup>** and higher. When the Cast-in lifting hoop is installed it must be considered that the values e and f comply with table 2.



#### PERMISSIBLE LOAD DIRECTIONS

Cast-in lifting hoops can be used only for axial and diagonal at tension  $\mathbf{s} \leq 30^{\circ}$ .



#### NO LATERAL TENSION!

Lateral tension is not allowed within the whole transport chain! This also applies to a diagonal tension with angle  $\beta$  more than 30°!



#### TABLE 2: PERMISSIBLE LOAD BEARING CAPACITIES FOR THICKNESS d FOR CONCRETE STRENGTHS $f_{cc}$ 15 / 20 / 25 $N/mm^2$

Load	Element thicknesses,		Embedded depth		Perm. F if f <sub>cc</sub> 15 N/mm <sup>2</sup>		Perm. F if f <sub>cc</sub> 20 N/mm <sup>2</sup>		Perm. F if f <sub>cc</sub> 25 N/mm <sup>2</sup>		
class	centre d	and edge dis	stances a,	е	f	Axial- tension perm. F <sub>Z</sub> 0°- 12.5°	Diagonal- tension perm. F <sub>Z</sub> 12.5°- 30°	Axial- tension perm. F <sub>Z</sub> 0°- 12.5°	Diagonal- tension perm. F <sub>Z</sub> 12.5°- 30°	Axial- tension perm. F <sub>Z</sub> 0°- 12.5°	Diagonal- tension perm. F <sub>Z</sub> 12.5°- 30°
	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)
0.8	80	600	300	150	85	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
1.2	90	640	320	160	75	12.0	11.8	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
1.6	100	660	330	165	70	13.2	11.8	15.3	12.4	16.0	13.8
2.0	110	800	400	200	70	15.9	12.9	18.4	14.9	20.0	16.6
2.5	120	920	460	230	80	21.2	18.6	24.4	21.5	25.0	24.1
4.0	200	960	480	240	100	32.9	26.6	38.0	30.8	40.0	34.4
5.2	250	1040	520	260	105	43.5	35.2	50.2	40.7	52.0	45.5
6.3	300	1120	560	280	100	62.0	51.0	63.0	58.9	63.0	63.0
8.0	380	1280	640	320	120	75.4	61.1	80.0	70.6	80.0	78.9
10.0	460	1560	780	390	125	100.0	81.6	100.0	94.2	100.0	100.0
12.5	560	1680	840	420	150	125.0	125.0	125.0	125.0	125.0	125.0
16.0	620	1800	900	450	155	149.4	125.0	160.0	139.7	160.0	156.2
20.0	680	2200	1100	550	180	178.0	144.2	200.0	166.5	200.0	186.2
25.0	750	2320	1160	580	200	223.8	228.1	250.0	250.0	250.0	250.0

- To determine the correct type please refer also to our General Installation Instruction.

- The weight of 1.0 t corresponds to 10.0 kN.

#### CAST-IN LIFTING HOOPS IN BEAMS AND CONCRETE ELEMENTS SIMILAR TO WALLS

#### Perm. F if f<sub>cc</sub> 30 N/mm<sup>2</sup> Load Element thicknesses. Embedded depth Perm. F if f<sub>cc</sub> 35 N/mm<sup>2</sup> Perm. F if f<sub>cc</sub> 45 N/mm<sup>2</sup> class centre and edge distances Axial-Diagonal-Axial-Diagonal-Axial-Diagonaltension tension tension tension tension tension perm. Fz perm. Fz perm. F<sub>7</sub> perm. F<sub>7</sub> perm. F<sub>7</sub> perm. F<sub>7</sub> 0°-12.5 12.5°- 30° 12.5°-30° 0°-12.5° 12.5°-30° f 0°-12.5° dred aa е a, [mm] (mm) (kN)(kN) (kN) (kN) (kN) (kN) (mm) (mm) (mm) 0.8 60 600 300 150 85 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 75 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12 60 640 320 160 1.6 80 660 330 165 70 14.7 12.0 15.9 12.9 16.0 14.6 2.0 90 800 400 200 70 18.2 14.7 19.6 15.9 20.0 18.0 2.5 100 920 230 80 21.8 21.3 23.0 460 236 25.0 250 4.0 150 960 480 240 100 34.0 27.5 36.7 29.7 40.0 33.7 1040 52 190 520 260 105 454 36.8 490 397 520 45.0 220 280 63.0 1120 560 100 630 61.6 63.0 63.0 63.0 6.3 270 1280 320 120 80.0 8.0 640 72.6 61.6 78.4 63.5 72.0 10.0 330 1560 780 390 125 98.0 79.4 100.0 85.8 100.0 97.2 12.5 390 1680 840 420 150 125.0 125.0 125.0 125.0 125.0 125.0 16.0 430 1800 900 450 155 139.1 125.0 150.3 125.0 160.0 138.0 1100 550 169.9 20.0 480 2200 180 137.6 183.5 148.6 200.0 168.5 25.0 530 580 250.0 250.0 250.0 250.0 250.0 2320 1160 200 250.0

#### TABLE 3: PERMISSIBLE LOAD BEARING CAPACITIES FOR THICKNESS d<sub>red</sub> FOR CONCRETE STRENGTHS $f_{cc}$ 30 / 35 / 45 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

- To determine the correct type please refer also to our General Installation Instruction.

- The weight of 1.0 t corresponds to 10.0 kN.

- Permissible load bearing capacities for a concrete strength of f<sub>cc</sub> 40 N/mm<sup>2</sup> can be interpolated.

#### REINFORCEMENT

For the installation of Cast-in lifting hoops in elements similar to panels and beams a minimum reinforcement near surface acc. to table 4 is needed.

This minimum reinforcement can be replaced by comparable reinforcement bars. Should it be necessary to cut single bars for the installation of Cast-in lifting hoops these have to be replaced by bars of the same diameter, strength and enough lap length according to EC 2.

At the first time of lifting the concrete must have a minimum strength  $f_{cc}$  acc. to table 2 or table 3. The user is personally responsible for further transmission of load into the concrete unit.



#### ADDITION EXISTING REINFORCEMENT!

Existing static or constructive reinforcement can be taken into account for the minimum reinforcement according to table 4.

#### TABLE 4: MINIMUM REINFORCEMENT NEAR SURFACE

Load class	Mesh reinforcement (square)	L	H ②
	(mm²/m)	(mm)	(mm)
0.8	1 × 188 (mittig)	600	710
1.2	1 × 188 (mittig)	640	720
1.6	2 × 188	660	725
2.0	2 × 188	800	760
2.5	2 × 188	920	790
4.0	2 × 188 ①	960	800
5.2	2 × 188 ①	1040	820
6.3	2 × 188 ①	1120	840
8.0	2 × 188 ①	1280	880
10.0	2 × 188 ①	1560	950
12.5	2 × 257 ①	1680	1080
16.0	2 × 524 ①	1800	1390
20.0	2 × 524 ①	2200	1490
25.0	2 × 524 ①	2320	1520

① Mesh reinforcement installed in a double-bended form.

O Required H at  $f_{cc}$  15 N/mm². H can be reduced, if the required anchorage length of the reinforcement acc. to EC 2 will be chosen longer than the embedded depth e.

#### **CAST-IN LIFTING HOOPS FOR NARROW BEAMS**

#### ELEMENT THICKNESSES, CENTRE AND EDGE DISTANCES

The installation and position of Cast-in lifting hoops in narrow beams require minimum dimensions and centre/edge distances for a safe load transfer. Thicknesses given in table 5 cover the axial and diagonal tension and can be used only for the parallel installation of Cast-in lifting hoops (picture 7).

When installing the Cast-in lifting hoop it must be considered that the values e and f comply with table 5.



#### Load class Element thicknesses, Embedment depth Perm. F if f<sub>cc</sub> 25 N/mm<sup>2</sup> Perm. F if $f_{cc}$ 30 N/mm<sup>2</sup> Axial tension / Axial tension / centre and edge distances diagonal tension diagonal tension perm. Fz perm. Fz 0°- 30° d b<sub>Bi</sub> f 0°-30° е a a, (kN) (kN) (mm) (mm) (mm) (mm) (mm) (mm) 16.0 120 ≥ 400 2000 1400 450 165 160.0 160.0 20.0 ≥ 400 2000 1400 550 200.0 200.0 120 180 25.0 120 ≥ 400 2000 1400 600 180 246.5 250.0

#### **TABLE 5: PERMISSIBLE LOAD BEARING CAPACITIES**

- To determine the correct type please refer also to our General Installation Instruction.

- The weight of 1.0 t corresponds to 10.0 kN.

#### PERMISSIBLE LOAD DIRECTIONS

Cast-in lifting hoops can only be used for axial and diagonal tension up to  $30^\circ$ .



#### NO LATERAL TENSION!

Lateral tension is not allowed within the whole transport chain! This also applies to a diagonal tension with angle  $\beta$  more than 30°!





#### **CAST-IN LIFTING HOOPS FOR NARROW BEAMS**

#### REINFORCEMENT

For the installation of Cast-in lifting hoops in beams the precast elements must be reinforced with a minimum reinforcement (picture 10). Should it be necessary to cut single bars for the installation of Cast-in lifting hoops these have to be replaced by bars of the same diameter, strength and enough lap length according to EC 2. At the first time of lifting the concrete must have a minimum strength fcc of **25 N/mm<sup>2</sup>**.

The user is personally responsible for further transmission of load into the concrete unit.

#### ADDITION EXISTING REINFORCEMENT!

Existing static or constructive reinforcement can be taken into account for the minimum reinforcement according to table 10.



#### **INSTALLATION / SAFETY**

#### INSTALLATION

If Cast-in lifting hoops are installed in an open side of a mould (picture 11) it must be fixed carefully to the reinforcement so that the embedment depth is guaranteed.

For the installation on a side of the mould a slot hole is needed (picture 12). After installation of the Cast-in lifting hoop the slot hole must be closed accurately in order to avoid the Cast-in lifting hoop to be moved in a false position. In order to guarantee the position of the Cast-in lifting hoop during concreting and compacting it must be fixed to the reinforcement. It might be necessary to add some more steel bars to ensure the right position. Here attention has to be paid not to place those steel bars directly over the ferrule of the hoop.



#### WELDING!

Welding or other strong heat influences on the lifting hoops are not allowed.

#### SAFETY NOTICES

By using too small, too large or sharp-edged hooks the lifetime of the transport anchor will be reduced. The transition radii of used hooks must be at least 1.75 times of the wire rope diameter of the Cast-in lifting hoop (picture 13).

Using a shackle the pin must be at least 3.5 times of the wire rope diameter of the Cast-in lifting hoop (picture 14).

DURING USE OF CAST-IN LIFTING HOOPS THE FOLLOWING MUST BE CONSIDERED:

- The use of damaged Cast-in lifting hoops with broken strands, contusions, kinks or corrosion pits is not allowed.
- » Contact of Cast-in lifting hoops with acids or alkalis must be avoided.
- » Misuse of Cast-in lifting hoops because of wrong load directions must be also avoided.
- » Lever arms caused by rotating, tilting and swinging which result in local blow-out failures in the concrete or broken wire ropes are inadmissible!









#### TRANSITION RADIUS

In order to guarantee the correct transition radius we recommend to use our special Wire protection pulley. This is available in six dimensions for all our Cast-in lifting hoops from load class 0.8 up to 95.0.



For more details please refer to the separate data sheet of the Wire protection pulley.

### SAFETY

#### STORAGE OF THE PRECAST UNITS

During storage of the concrete units please make sure that the Cast-in lifting hoops are not bent in any way. This can be guaranteed by using a spacer (e.g. a squared timber) between the concrete elements.

An outdoor storage of the concrete units can lead to corrosion and as a result to a reduction of the bearing capacity.

#### SIGNIFICANT CORROSION!

If a significant corrosion appears to the installed Cast-in lifting hoops they cannot be used for lifting anymore.



## **Cast-in lifting hoop** Type AS 28.0 - AS 95.0



Data sheet

#### **GENERAL PRODUCT INFORMATION**

The Cast-in lifting hoop is part of the PHILIPP transport anchor system. Cast-in lifting hoops are designed for the transport of precast concrete units only. Multiple use within the transport chain (from production to installation of the unit) means no repeated usage. A repeated use (e.g. ballasts for cranes) is not allowed.

Depending on the individual application and load direction it might be necessary to contact our technical department.



#### FURTHER QUESTIONS

If you have further questions, please have a look at our website www.philippgroup.de or call our technical department under +49 6021 40 27-318 resp. send an email to technik@philipp-gruppe.de.



#### Ref. no. perm. F<sub>Z</sub> ③ Dimensions Colour code Туре 0° - 30° galvanised H① B ① ØD (2) (kN) (mm) (mm) (mm) 280 442280 AS 28.0 800 375 32 Pure white AS 32.0 320 32 442320 880 426 Jet black 442370 AS 37.0 370 950 440 36 Emerald green 420 442420 AS 42.0 1000 480 38 Curry 442470 AS 47.0 470 1100 520 44 Light blue 442520 AS 52.0 520 1200 550 44 Silk grey 442570 AS 57.0 570 1350 645 44 Claret violet AS 65.0 650 442650 1430 670 48 Sulfur yellow 750 442750 AS 75.0 1530 725 50 Blue lilac 442850 AS 85.0 850 1680 850 52 Beige 442950 AS 95.0 950 1800 900 52 Clay brown

#### TABLE 1: PERMISSIBLE LOAD BEARING CAPACITIES AND DIMENSIONS

To determine the correct type please refer also to our General Installation Instruction.

The weight of 1,0 t corresponds to 10,0 kN.

① Dimensions H and B are standard values and can vary depending on the position of the fixation strap.

2 Rope diameter ØD is a standard value and can vary depending on the wire rope construction.

③ Load bearing capacity of steel.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION / APPLICATION**

#### MATERIALS

Cast-in lifting hoops are made of steel wire rope. Both ends of the wire rope are bonded together by a ferrule and form a loop.

#### MARKING

In order to identify the type of the Cast-in lifting hoop visually it is marked with a coloured tag. This tag must also be visible at the segment sticking out after concreting. With its fins the tag guarantees an easy fixing to this part of the Cast-in lifting hoop sticking out of the element.

Following data are given on the tag:

- » Producer
- » Bearing capacity e.g. 32000 kg

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» Year of manufacturing e.g. 2024

#### CORROSION

Aluminium ferrules should be avoided because of corrosion if an increased chlorine equivalent in the concrete is used. For this application a Cast-in lifting hoop with a steel ferrule is more suitable and can be delivered by PHILIPP on request.

An increased chlorine equivalent exists if the values given in the German standards DIN EN 206 and DIN 1045-2 are exceeded.



#### NOTE!

The aluminium ferrule used in Cast-in lifting hoops must not be placed near-surface of the concrete element. The concrete cover for the ferrule has to be determined using following equation.

C<sub>min</sub> ≤ C<sub>Ferrule</sub> ≤ 2 × C<sub>min</sub> (DIN EN 1992-1-1 part 4 a. tab. 4.4N) (DIN EN 1992-1-1/NA tab. NA.4.4)





#### INSTALLATION

If Cast-in lifting hoops are installed in an open side of a mould they must be fixed carefully to the reinforcement so that the embedment depth is guaranteed (Picture 3).

It might be necessary to add some steel bars. Here attention has to be paid not to place those steel bars directly to the ferrule of the hoop.



WELDING!

Welding or other strong heat influences on the lifting hoops are not allowed.

#### TABLE 2: EMBEDMENT DEPTH

Туре	e (mm)	f (mm)
28.0	590	210
32.0	630	250
37.0	670	280
42.0	700	300
47.0	770	330
52.0	850	350
57.0	950	400
65.0	1000	430
75.0	1070	460
85.0	1170	510
95.0	1250	550

#### **APPLICATION AND SAFETY**

Permissible load directions Cast-in lifting hoops can be used only for axial and diagonal tension  $\beta \le 30^\circ$ .





#### SAFETY NOTICES

By using too small, too large or sharp-edged hooks the lifetime of the lifting device will be reduced. The transition radii of used hooks must be at least 1.75 times of the wire rope diameter of the Cast-in lifting hoop (Picture 7).

Using a shackle the pin must be at least 3.5 times of the wire rope diameter of the Cast-in lifting hoop (Picture 8).

#### TRANSITION RADIUS

In order to guarantee the correct transition radius we recommend to use our Wire protection pulley. This is available in six dimensions for all our Cast-in lifting hoops from AS 0.8 up to AS 95.0 to. For more details please refer to the separate data sheet of the Wire protection pulley.



During use of Cast-in lifting hoops the following must be considered:

- >> The use of damaged Cast-in lifting hoops with broken strands, contusions, kinks or corrosion pits is not allowed.
- » Contact of Cast-in lifting hoops with acids or alkalis must be avoided.
- » Misuse of Cast-in lifting hoops because of wrong load directions must also be avoided.
- » Lever arms caused by rotating, tilting or swinging which result in local blow-out
- failures in the concrete or broken wire ropes are inadmissible!

#### STORAGE OF THE PRECAST UNITS

During storage of the concrete units please make sure that the Cast-in lifting hoops are not bent in any way. This can be guaranteed by using a spacer (e.g. a squared timber) between the concrete elements.

An outdoor storage of the concrete units can lead to corrosion and as a result to a reduction of the hoop bearing capacity.

#### SIGNIFICANT CORROSION!

If a significant corrosion appears to the installed Cast-in lifting hoops they cannot be used for lifting anymore.







### NOTES




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